

California Institute of Technology
Department of Computer Science
Computer Architecture

CS184a, Fall 2000

Assignment 1: Logic

Monday, September 25

Due: Tuesday, October 3, 10:30AM

You may do sections (A and B) or (B and C). C is primarily intended as a more challenging (interesting) alternative for students who have already had considerable experience with digital logic.

You may use hierarchial schematics. Where appropriate quantities are 4b, unsigned numbers. Use a schematic drawing program for circuits.

A: Basic Logic

1. Implement $A > B$ out of 2-input NAND gates.
2. Implement a mod-5 counter out of basic gates and registers.
3. Show the logic (in basic gates and registers) for a simple vending machine.
 - Inputs: n, d, and q, (nickle, dime, quarter)
 - Output: v (vend), nc (nickle change)
 - Function: Collect ≥ 30 cents, then vend and give change in nickles.Don't worry about running nout of nickles to provide as change.
Include a diagram of your state-transition graph in your writeup.
4. Using your comparison function from A.1, show logic for a spatial sorting function to sort 4, 4b inputs into ascending order.

B: Properties of Boolean Functions

1. How many unique n -input functions are there? (you may assume the ordering and polarity of the inputs is important)
2. Consider all two-input functions. For each identify if universal.
3. Counting each gate as unit size, give a bound on the size difference between an optimal implementation of an arbitrary n -input function when the implementation may use an optimal mixture of the full set of 2-input functions from B.2 as gates compared to an implementation which uses only 2-input nand gates.

C: Advanced Logic Problems

1. Consider n -input functions. Using only two-input NAND gates, give a bound on the number of functions that can be implemented with depth l . Compare your result to B.1. (Your bound should be non-trivial, but does not need to be tight.)
2. How does your answer to C.1 change if you can use any 2-input function? 3-input function?
3. Show an n -input function which takes $O(n)$ area in multi-level form, but takes up substantially more space (identify how much) when strictly implemented as a sum of products. Justify your answer.
4. Firing Squad – Design the logic for an FSmodule.
 - FSmodules can be assembled into a 1d array of arbitrary length.
 - Each FSmodule is connected exclusively to his left and right neighbors.
 - The leftmost FSmodule will get a start input.
 - FSmodules may have configuration input bits which distinguish the leftmost and rightmost modules from the rest (*i.e.* a module will be leftmost, rightmost, or a chained element).
 - All FSmodules are clocked together.
 - Data can travel from one FSmodule to his adjacent neighbor in one cycle.
 - You can have a constant number of wires between adjacent FSmodules (independent of the length of the 1d array).
 - The state in an FSmodule is finite and independent of the length of the 1d array.
 - In response to an input pulse on the leftmost module, the array of FSmodules should all, simultaneously flash an output light.
 - The number of cycles between the input pulse and the synchronized firing of the FSmodules' lights is not restricted.

Show your state-transition graph and gate logic. Describe the operation of your solution.